

1.5-1.7 Assignment The Kinematics Equations Key.notebook

1.5 Assignment: The Kinematics Equations

Name: _____

1. Rearrange the following equations for the indicated variable.

a. $\vec{v}_{Ave} = \frac{\Delta \vec{d}}{\Delta t}$ $\Delta t = ?$ $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta \vec{d}}{\vec{v}}$

b. $\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i}{\Delta t}$ $v_f = ?$ $\vec{v}_f = \vec{a}t + \vec{v}_i$

c. $2a\vec{d} = v_f^2 - v_i^2$ $v_f = ?$ $\vec{v}_f = \sqrt{\vec{v}_i^2 + 2\vec{a}\vec{d}}$

d. $\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2$ $v_i = ?$ $\vec{v}_i = \frac{\Delta \vec{d} - \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2}{t}$

e. $\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2$ $a = ?$ $\vec{a} = \frac{2(\Delta \vec{d} - \vec{v}_i t)}{t^2}$

f. $\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i}{\Delta t}$ $v_i = ?$ $\vec{v}_i = \vec{v}_f - \vec{a}t$

g. $\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i}{\Delta t}$ $\Delta t = ?$ $\Delta t = \frac{\vec{v}_f - \vec{v}_i}{\vec{a}}$



1.5-1.7 Assignment The Kinematics Equations Key.notebook

h. If $v_i = 0$ then $\Delta d = ?$ for $\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$$

i. If $v_i = 0$ then $a = ?$ for $\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{2\vec{d}}{t^2}$$

j. If $v_i = 0$ then $\Delta t = ?$ for $\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2\vec{d}}{\vec{a}}}$$

k. If $v_f = 0$ then $v_i = ?$ for $\vec{v}_f^2 = \vec{v}_i^2 + 2\vec{a}\vec{d}$

$$\vec{v}_i = \sqrt{-2\vec{a}\vec{d}}$$

2. A car traveling at 60 m/s accelerates at +3.0 m/s² for 9.0 s. How far does the car travel in this time?
(6.6 x 10² m)

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_i &= +60 \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{a} &= +3.0 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ t &= 9.0 \text{ s} \\ \vec{d} &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$$

$$= (+60 \text{ m/s})(9.0 \text{ s}) + (\frac{1}{2})(+3.0 \text{ m/s}^2)(9.0 \text{ s})^2$$

$$\boxed{\Delta \vec{d} = +6.6 \times 10^2 \text{ m}}$$

2

3. A car starting from rest travels 1296 m with an acceleration of 32 m/s². How long does it take for the car to travel that distance? (9.0 s)

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_i &= 0 \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{d} &= +1296 \text{ m} \\ \vec{a} &= +32 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ t &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$$

$$1296 \text{ m} = (\frac{1}{2})(32 \text{ m/s}^2)t^2$$

$$\frac{1296}{16} = \frac{16t^2}{16}$$

$$t^2 = 81$$

$$t = \sqrt{81}$$

$$\boxed{t = 9.0 \text{ s}}$$

2

1/1

1.5-1.7 Assignment The Kinematics Equations Key.notebook

4. A car travels 1760 m over 10.0 s. If the acceleration was -20.0 m/s^2 , what was the initial velocity? (+276 m/s)

$$\vec{d} = +1760 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 10.0 \text{ s}$$

$$\vec{a} = -20.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v_i = ?$$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v}_i t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$$

$$1760 = v_i (10.0) + \frac{1}{2} (-20.0) (10.0)^2$$

$$1760 = 10 v_i - 1000$$

$$+1000 \quad +1000$$

$$\frac{2760}{10} = \frac{10 v_i}{10}$$

$$\boxed{v_i = +276 \text{ m/s}}$$

2

5. A car traveling at 60.0 m/s suddenly has its brakes applied bringing the car to a stop after 4.00 s . How far did the car travel in this time? (+120 m)

$$v_i = +60.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 4.00 \text{ s}$$

$$d = ?$$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \left(\frac{v_f + v_i}{2} \right) t$$

$$= \left(\frac{0 + 60.0 \text{ m/s}}{2} \right) (4.00 \text{ s})$$

$$\boxed{\Delta \vec{d} = +120 \text{ m}}$$

2

6. A car traveling at 100 m/s comes to a stop in 200 m . How long did it take for the car to come to a stop? (4.00 s)

$$v_i = +100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$d = +200 \text{ m}$$

$$t = ?$$

$$\Delta \vec{d} = \left(\frac{v_f + v_i}{2} \right) t$$

$$200 = \left(\frac{100 + 0}{2} \right) t$$

$$\boxed{t = 4.00 \text{ s}}$$

2

10

1.5-1.7 Assignment The Kinematics Equations Key.notebook

7. A bullet leaves a rifle barrel with a speed of 350 m/s. If the length of the barrel is 0.75 m, determine the acceleration of the bullet while it was in the barrel.
($8.2 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}^2$)

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_i &= 0 \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{v}_f &= +350 \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{d} &= +0.75 \text{ m} \\ \vec{a} &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{v}_f^2 - \vec{v}_i^2}{2\vec{d}}$$

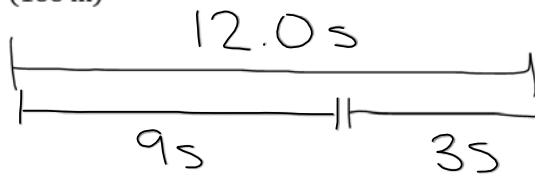
$$\vec{a} = \frac{350^2 - 0^2}{2(0.75)}$$

$$\vec{a} = +8.2 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

2

8. An object traveling at 10.0 m/s accelerates at 5.00 m/s² for 12.0 s. How far does the object travel in the last three seconds? (188 m)

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_i &= +10.0 \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{a} &= +5.00 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ t &= 12.0 \text{ s}, 9.0 \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$



$$\vec{d}_{\text{total}} = \vec{d}_{12} - \vec{d}_9$$

$$\vec{d}_{12} = (10.0)(12.0) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(5.00)(12)^2$$

$$\vec{d}_{12} = 480 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{d}_9 = (10)(9) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(5)(9)^2$$

$$\vec{d}_9 = 292.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d_{\text{total}} &= 480 - 292.5 \\ &= 188 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

3

15